YOUR BENEFIT PLAN

STATE OF ARIZONA

Benefit Options
Choice Value Health

Long Term Disability

Notice to State of Arizona Employees

Dependent Eligibility—Up to 26
In accordance with federal healthcare reform, effective 10/02/2010, Benefit Options is extending eligibility to dependents up to age 26. Restrictions based on residence, marital status, student status, disability, and previous enrollment have been removed. This dependent eligibility is subject to change pursuant to this plan and depending on any changes with applicable federal law.

Dependent Child(ren) shall mean a person(s) who falls within one or more of the following categories:

1. A natural child, adopted child, or stepchild of the member or member's qualified same-sex domestic partner from live birth and who is younger than age 26;
2. A child who is younger than age 26 for whom the member has court-ordered guardianship;
3. A foster child of the member who is younger than age 26;
4. A child who is younger than age 26 and placed in the member's home by court order pending adoption; or
5. A natural child, adopted child, or stepchild of the member or member's qualified same-sex domestic partner and who was disabled prior to age 19 and continues to be disabled under 42 U.S.C. 1382c and for whom the member or member's qualified same-sex domestic partner had custody prior to age 19.

Domestic Partners
Pursuant to a change in Arizona law, A.R.S § 38-651(O), domestic partners are not eligible dependents under the State of Arizona's benefit plan. As a result, this Arizona law precludes previously qualified same-sex and opposite-sex domestic partners from receiving benefits that were created by administrative rulemaking in Arizona Administrative Code § R2-5-101(22). Accordingly, the State of Arizona will not be offering benefits to opposite-sex domestic partners. The State of Arizona intended that this law apply equally to same-sex domestic partners, but a United States Federal District Court judge, in *Collins v. Brewer, et al.* (2:09-cv-02402 JWS), recently entered a preliminary injunction preventing, at this time, the State of Arizona from implementing A.R.S § 38-651(O) as applied to qualified same-sex domestic partners. The State of Arizona has appealed the preliminary injunction order and will defend its position regarding its right to fully implement A.R.S § 38-651(O) and discontinue offering benefits to all domestic partners.

Important Disclosure and Disclaimer to Qualified Same-Sex Domestic partners:
As a result of the U.S. District Court preliminary injunction described above, the State of Arizona is compelled at this time to continue offering benefits to qualified same-sex domestic partners. Qualified same-sex domestic partners are herein ADVISED and CAUTIONED that the preliminary injunction possibly could be lifted after open enrollment or during the 2011 Plan Year. If that were to occur, the State of Arizona would no longer be compelled by the U.S. District Court injunction and the State of Arizona reserves the right to immediately discontinue offering benefits to same-sex domestic partners during the 2011 Plan Year and thereafter. This also would include dependent children of the non-employee qualified same-sex domestic partner unless those individual(s) were an actual dependent of the State employee as defined under the State's benefit plan. **Qualified same-sex domestic partners and their dependents should not have an expectation that coverage will continue or an expectation that the benefits have vested for an entire plan year because the preliminary injunction may be lifted in the future**.

At this time, in order to be in compliance with the U.S. District Court injunction, to be a qualified same-sex Domestic Partner means an individual who is of the same-sex to an employee or officer who must verify with credible evidence as required by the State the following:

1) shares a permanent residence with the employee or officer;
2) has resided with the employee or officer continuously for the last 12 consecutive months and expects to continue to reside with the employee or officer indefinitely as evidenced by an affidavit filed at the time of enrollment;
3) has not signed a declaration or affidavit of same-sex domestic partnership with another individual within the last 12 months;
4) has not had another same-sex domestic partner within the last 12 months;
5) does not currently have another same-sex domestic partner;
6) is not currently married to or legally separated from anyone;
7) is not related by blood to the employee or officer to a degree that would prohibit marriage in Arizona;
8) was mentally competent to consent when the same-sex domestic partnership was established;
9) is not acting under fraud or duress with regard to the insurance plans made available by the Department;
10) is at least 18 years old; and
11) is financially interdependent with the employee or officer in at least three of the following ways:
    a. holds a joint mortgage, joint property tax identification, or joint tenancy on a residential lease;
    b. holds one or more credit or bank accounts jointly;

c. owns significant property, such as a vehicle or real estate, jointly;
d. has one or more joint liabilities;
e. is named by or has named the employee or officer as beneficiary of life insurance or under a will or retirement annuity;
f. has a written durable power of attorney in which each assumes financial responsibility for the other; or
g. other evidence of financial interdependence that is approved by the Policyholder and Us.

Questions or Complaints about Your Coverage

In the event You have questions or complaints regarding any aspect of Your coverage, You should contact Your Employee Benefits Manager or You may write to us at:
The Hartford
Group Benefits Division, Customer Service
P.O. Box 2999
Hartford, CT 06104-2999

Or call Us at: 1-800-523-2233
When calling, please give Us the following information:
1) the policy number; and
2) the name of the policyholder (employer or organization), as shown in Your Certificate of Insurance.

Or You may contact Our Sales Office:
Hartford Life and Accident Insurance Company
Group Sales Department
10010 N 25th Avenue
Phoenix, AZ 85021
TOLL FREE: 888-483-0723
FAX: 602-652-9559

If you have a complaint, and contacts between you and the insurer or an agent or other representative of the insurer have failed to produce a satisfactory solution to the problem, the following states require we provide you with additional contact information:

For residents of:	Write	Telephone
Arkansas	Arkansas Insurance Department Consumer Services Division 1200 West Third Street Little Rock, AR 72201-1904	1(800) 852-5494 1(501) 371-2640 (in the Little Rock area)
California	State of California Insurance Department Consumer Communications Bureau 300 South Spring Street, South Tower Los Angeles, CA 90013	1(800) 927-HELP
Idaho	Idaho Department of Insurance Consumer Affairs 700 W State Street, 3rd Floor PO Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720-0043	1-800-721-3272 or www.DOI.Idaho.gov
Illinois	Illinois Department of Insurance Consumer Services Station Springfield, Illinois 62767	Consumer Assistance: 1(866) 445-5364 Officer of Consumer Health Insurance: 1(877) 527-9431
Indiana	Public Information/Market Conduct Indiana Department of Insurance 311 W. Washington St. Suite 300 Indianapolis, IN 46204-2787	Consumer Hotline: 1(800) 622-4461 1(317) 232-2395 (in the Indianapolis Area)
Virginia	Life and Health Division Bureau of Insurance P.O. Box 1157 Richmond, VA 23209	1(804) 371-9741 (inside Virginia) 1(800) 552-7945 (outside Virginia)
Wisconsin	Office of the Commissioner of Insurance Complaints Department P.O. Box 7873 Madison, WI 53707-7873	1(800) 236-8517 (outside of Madison) 1(608) 266-0103 (in Madison) to request a complaint form.

The following states require that We provide these notices to You about Your coverage:

For residents of:

Arizona	This certificate of insurance may not provide all benefits and protections provided by law in Arizona. Please read This certificate carefully.
Florida	The benefits of the policy providing you coverage are governed primarily by the law of a state other than Florida.

STATE OF DELAWARE
The Civil Union and Equality Act of 2011
Effective January 1, 2012

In accordance with Delaware law, insurers are required to provide the following notice to applicants of insurance policies issued in Delaware.

The Civil Union and Equality Act of 2011 ("the Act") creates a legal relationship between two persons of the same sex who form a civil union. The Act provides that the parties to a civil union are entitled to the same legal obligations, responsibilities, protections and benefits that are afforded or recognized by the laws of Delaware to spouses in a legal marriage. The law further provides that a party to a civil union shall be included in any definition or use of the terms "spouse," "family," "immediate family," "dependent," "next of kin," and other terms descriptive of spousal relationships as those terms are used throughout Delaware law. This includes the terms "marriage" or "married," or variations thereon. Insurance policies are required to provide identical benefits and protections to both civil unions and marriages. If policies of insurance provide coverage for children, the children of civil unions must also be provided coverage. The Act also requires recognition of same sex civil unions or marriages legally entered into in other jurisdictions.

For more information regarding the Act, refer to Chapter 2 of Title 13 of the Delaware Code or the State of Delaware website at www.delaware.gov/CivilUnions.

Georgia

The laws of the state of Georgia prohibit insurers from unfairly discriminating against any person based upon his or her status as a victim of family abuse.

STATE OF ILLINOIS
The Religious Freedom Protection and Civil Union Act
Effective June 1, 2011

In accordance with Illinois law, insurers are required to provide the following notice to applicants of insurance policies issued in Illinois.

The Religious Freedom Protection and Civil Union Act ("the Act") creates a legal relationship between two persons of the same or opposite sex who form a civil union. The Act provides that the parties to a civil union are entitled to the same legal obligations, responsibilities, protections and benefits that are afforded or recognized by the laws of Illinois to spouses. The law further provides that a party to a civil union shall be included in any definition or use of the terms "spouse," "family," "immediate family," "dependent," "next of kin," and other terms descriptive of spousal relationships as those terms are used throughout Illinois law. This includes the terms "marriage" or "married," or variations thereon. Insurance policies are required to provide identical benefits and protections to both civil unions and marriages. If policies of insurance provide coverage for children, the children of civil unions must also be provided coverage. The Act also requires recognition of civil unions or same sex civil unions or marriages legally entered into in other jurisdictions.

For more information regarding the Act, refer to 750 ILCS 75/1 *et seq*. Examples of the interaction between the Act and existing law can be found in the Illinois Insurance Facts, Civil Unions and Insurance Benefits document available on the Illinois Department of Insurance's website at www.insurance.illinois.gov.

Maine

1. The benefits under this policy are subject to reduction due to other sources of income.

   This means that your benefits will be reduced by the amount of any other benefits for loss of time provided to you or for which you are eligible as a result of the same period of disability for which you claim benefits under this policy.

   Other sources of income are plans or arrangements of coverage that provide disability-related benefits such as Worker's Compensation or other similar governmental programs or laws, or disability-related benefits received from your employer or as the result of your employment, membership or association with any group, union, association or other organization. Other sources of income include disability-related benefits under the United States Social Security Act or an alternate governmental plan, the Railroad Retirement Act, and other similar plans or acts. Other sources of income may also include certain disability-related or retirement benefits that you receive because of your retirement unless you were receiving them prior to becoming disabled.

   What comprises other sources of income under this policy is determined by the nature of the policyholder. Therefore, we strongly urge you to **Read Your Certificate Carefully.** A full description of the plans and types of plans considered to be other sources of income under this policy will be found in the definition of "Other Income Benefits" located in the Definitions section of your certificate.

2. The laws of the State of Maine require notification of the right to designate a third party to receive notice of cancellation, to change the designation and, policy reinstatement if the insured suffers from organic brain disease and the ground for cancellation was the insured's nonpayment of premium or other lapse or default on the part of the insured.

   Within 10 days after a request by an insured, a Third Party Notice Request Form shall be mailed or personally delivered to the insured.

Maryland

The group insurance policy providing coverage under this certificate was issued in a jurisdiction other than Maryland and may not provide all of the benefits required by Maryland law.

Montana

Conformity with Montana statutes: The provisions of this certificate conform to the minimum requirements of Montana law and control over any conflicting statutes of any state in which the insured resides on or after the effective date of this certificate.

North Carolina

UNDER NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL STATUTE SECTION 58-50-40, NO PERSON, EMPLOYER, FINANCIAL AGENT, TRUSTEE, OR THIRD PARTY ADMINISTRATOR, WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PAYMENT OF GROUP LIFE INSURANCE, GROUP HEALTH OR GROUP HEALTH PLAN PREMIUMS, SHALL:

1) CAUSE THE CANCELLATION OR NONRENEWAL OF GROUP LIFE INSURANCE, GROUP HEALTH INSURANCE, HOSPITAL, MEDICAL, OR DENTAL SERVICE CORPORATION PLAN, MULTIPLE EMPLOYER WELFARE ARRANGEMENT, OR GROUP HEALTH PLAN COVERAGES AND THE CONSEQUENTIAL LOSS OF THE COVERAGES OF THE PERSON INSURED, BY WILLFULLY FAILING TO PAY THOSE PREMIUMS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS OF THE INSURANCE OR PLAN CONTRACT; AND
2) WILLFULLY FAIL TO DELIVER, AT LEAST 45 DAYS BEFORE THE TERMINATION OF THOSE COVERAGES, TO ALL PERSONS COVERED BY THE GROUP POLICY WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE PERSON'S INTENTION TO STOP PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS. VIOLATION OF THIS LAW IS A FELONY. ANY PERSON VIOLATING THIS LAW IS ALSO SUBJECT TO A COURT ORDER REQUIRING THE PERSON TO COMPENSATE PERSONS INSURED FOR EXPENSES OR LOSSES INCURRED AS A RESULT OF THE TERMINATION OF THE INSURANCE.

IMPORTANT TERMINATION INFORMATION

YOUR INSURANCE MAY BE CANCELLED BY THE COMPANY. PLEASE READ THE TERMINATION PROVISION IN THIS CERTIFICATE.

THIS CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE PROVIDES COVERAGE UNDER A GROUP MASTER POLICY. THIS CERTIFICATE PROVIDES ALL OF THE BENEFITS MANDATED BY THE NORTH CAROLINA INSURANCE CODE, BUT YOU MAY NOT RECEIVE ALL OF THE PROTECTIONS PROVIDED BY A POLICY ISSUED IN NORTH CAROLINA AND GOVERNED BY ALL OF THE LAWS OF NORTH CAROLINA.

PRE-EXISTING LIMITATION
READ CAREFULLY
NO BENEFITS WILL BE PAYABLE UNDER THIS PLAN FOR PRE-EXISTING CONDITIONS WHICH ARE NOT COVERED UNDER THE PRIOR PLAN. PLEASE READ THE LIMITATIONS IN THIS CERTIFICATE.

READ YOUR CERTIFICATE CAREFULLY.

Texas

IMPORTANT NOTICE

To obtain information or make a complaint:

You may call The Hartford's toll-free telephone number for information or to make a complaint at:

1-800-523-2233

You may also write to The Hartford at:
P.O. Box 2999
Hartford, CT 06104-2999

You may contact the Texas Department of Insurance to obtain information on companies, coverages, rights or complaints at:

1-800-252-3439

You may write the Texas Department of Insurance at:
P.O. Box 149104
Austin, TX 78714-9410
Fax # (512) 475-1771
Web: http://www.tdi.state.tx.us
E-mail: ConsumerProtection@tdi.state.tx.us

PREMIUM OR CLAIM DISPUTES:
Should you have a dispute concerning your premium or about a claim you should contact the agent or The Hartford first. If the dispute is not resolved, you may contact the Texas Department of Insurance.

ATTACH THIS NOTICE TO YOUR POLICY:
This notice is for information only and does not become a part or condition of the attached document.

AVISO IMPORTANTE

Para obtener informacion o para someter una queja:

Usted puede llamar al numero de telefono gratis de The Hartford para informacion o para someter una queja al:

1-800-523-2233

Usted tambien puede escribir a The Hartford:
P.O. Box 2999
Hartford, CT 06104-2999

Puede comunicarse con el Departamento de Seguros de Texas para obtener informacion acerca de companias, coberturas, derechos o quejas al:

1-800-252-3439

Puede escribir al Departamento de Seguros de Texas:
P.O. Box 149104
Austin, TX 78714-9410
Fax # (512) 475-1771
Web: http://www.tdi.state.tx.us
E-mail: ConsumerProtection@tdi.state.tx.us

DISPUTAS SOBRE PRIMAS O RECLAMOS:
Si tiene una disputa concerniente a su prima o a un reclamo, debe comunicarse con el agente o The Hartford primero. Si no se resuelve la disputa, puede entonces comunicarse con el departamento (TDI).

UNA ESTE AVISO A SU POLIZA:
Este aviso es solo para proposito de informacion y no se convierte en parte o condicion del documento adjunto.

CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE

HARTFORD LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY
Simsbury, Connecticut
(A stock insurance company)

Policyholder: STATE OF ARIZONA
Policy Number: GLT-395211
Policy Effective Date: October 1, 2009
Policy Anniversary Date: January 1, 2014

We have issued The Policy to the Policyholder. Our name, the Policyholder's name and The Policy Number are shown above. The provisions of The Policy, which are important to You, are summarized in this certificate consisting of this form and any additional forms which have been made a part of this certificate. This certificate replaces any other certificate We may have given to You earlier under The Policy. The Policy alone is the only contract under which payment will be made. Any difference between The Policy and this certificate will be settled according to the provisions of The Policy on file with Us at Our home office. The Policy may be inspected at the office of the Policyholder.

Signed for the Company

Terence Shields, ***Secretary*** **Ronald R. Gendreau,** ***President***

A note on capitalization in this certificate:
Capitalization of a term, not normally capitalized according to the rules of standard punctuation, indicates a word or phrase that is a defined term in The Policy or refers to a specific provision contained herein.

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SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE

The Policy of long term Disability insurance provides You with long term income protection if You become Disabled from a covered injury, Sickness or pregnancy.

The benefits described herein are those in effect as of September 12, 2013

Cost of Coverage:
You do not contribute toward the cost of coverage.

Eligible Class(es) for Coverage: All Full-time Active Employees as determined by the Arizona Department of Administration and reported to Us; excluding those who are covered by the Arizona State Retirement System Long Term Disability Plan.

Full-time Employment:	at least 20 hours weekly

With respect to employees hired prior to June 14, 2013:
Eligibility Waiting Period for Coverage:
90 days

With respect to employees hired between June 14, 2013 and September 13, 2013:
Eligibility Waiting Period for Coverage:
The first day of the pay period following September 12, 2013

With respect to employees hired on or after September 14, 2013:
Eligibility Waiting Period for Coverage:
None

Employees are not eligible for the following benefits until after the Eligibility Waiting Period has been satisfied.
The time period(s) referenced above are continuous.

The Eligibility Waiting Period for Coverage will be reduced by the period of time You were a Full-time Active Employee with the Employer under the Prior Policy.

Elimination Period: 180 day(s)

Maximum Monthly Benefit: $10,000

Minimum Monthly Benefit: the greater of:
1) $100; or
2) 10% of the benefit based on Monthly Income Loss before the deduction of Other Income Benefits.

Benefit Percentage: 66 2/3%

Maximum Duration of Benefits

Maximum Duration of Benefits Table

Age When Disabled	Benefits Payable
Prior to Age 62	To Age 65, or for 42 months, if greater
Age 62	42 months
Age 63	36 months
Age 64	30 months
Age 65	24 months
Age 66	21 months

Age 67	18 months
Age 68	15 months
Age 69 and over	12 months

Additional Benefit

Family Care Credit Benefit
see Benefit

Survivor Income Benefit
see Benefit

Workplace Modification Benefit
see Benefit

ELIGIBILITY AND ENROLLMENT

Eligible Persons: *Who is eligible for coverage?*
All persons in the class or classes shown in the Schedule of Insurance will be considered Eligible Persons.

Eligibility for Coverage: *When will I become eligible?*
You will become eligible for coverage on the later of:
1) the Policy Effective Date; or
2) the date You complete the Eligibility Waiting Period for Coverage shown in the Schedule of Insurance, if applicable.

Enrollment: *How do I enroll for coverage?*
All eligible Active Employees will be enrolled automatically by the Employer.

PERIOD OF COVERAGE

Effective Date: *When does my coverage start?*
Your coverage will start on the date You become eligible.

Deferred Effective Date: *When will my effective date for coverage or a change in my coverage be deferred?*
If You are absent from work due to:
1) accidental bodily injury;
2) sickness;
3) Mental Illness;
4) Substance Abuse; or
5) pregnancy;

on the date Your insurance, or increase in coverage, would otherwise have become effective, Your insurance, or increase in coverage will not become effective until You are Actively at Work one full day.

Continuity From A Prior Policy: *Is there continuity of coverage from a Prior Policy?*
If You were:
1) insured under the Prior Policy; and
2) not eligible to receive benefits under the Prior Policy;

on the day before the Policy Effective Date, the Deferred Effective Date provision will not apply.

Is my coverage under The Policy subject to the Pre-existing Condition Limitation?
If You become insured under The Policy on the Policy Effective Date and were covered under the Prior Policy on the day before the Policy Effective Date, the Pre-existing Conditions Limitation will end on the earliest of:

1) the Policy Effective Date, if Your coverage for the Disability was not limited by a pre-existing condition restriction under the Prior Policy; or
2) the date the restriction would have ceased to apply had the Prior Policy remained in force, if Your coverage was limited by a pre-existing condition limitation under the Prior Policy.

The amount of the Monthly Benefit payable for a Pre-existing Condition in accordance with the above paragraph will be the lesser of:
1) the Monthly Benefit which was paid by the Prior Policy; or
2) the Monthly Benefit provided by The Policy.

The Pre-existing Conditions Limitation will apply after the Policy Effective Date to the amount of a benefit increase which results from a change from the Prior Policy to The Policy, a change in benefit options, a change of class or a change in The Policy.

Do I have to satisfy an Elimination Period under The Policy if I was Disabled under the Prior Policy?
If You received Monthly benefits for disability under the Prior Policy, and You returned to work as a Full-time Active Employee before The Policy Effective Date, then, if within 6 months of Your return to work:
1) You have a recurrence of the same disability while covered under The Policy; and
2) there are no benefits available for the recurrence under the Prior Policy;

the Elimination Period, which would otherwise apply, will be waived if the recurrence would have been covered without any further elimination period under the Prior Policy.

Termination: *When will my coverage end?*
Your coverage will end on the earliest of the following:
1) the date The Policy terminates;
2) the date The Policy no longer insures Your class;
3) the date the premium payment is due but not paid;
4) the last day of the period for which You make any required premium contribution;
5) the date Your Employer terminates Your employment; or
6) the date You cease to be a Full time Active Employee in an eligible class for any reason;

unless continued in accordance with any of the Continuation Provisions.

Reinstatement: *Can my coverage be reinstated after it ends?*
If Your insurance ends, You may become insured again as an eligible Employee. However, the following will apply:

1) If You cease to be an eligible Employee because of a covered Disability, Your insurance will end; however, if You become an eligible Employee again immediately after LTD Benefits end, the Eligibility Waiting Period will be waived and, with respect to the condition(s) for which LTD Benefits were payable, the Pre-existing Conditions Limitation will be applied as if Your insurance had remained in effect during that period of Disability.
2) If Your insurance ends and You become insured again within 90 days, the two periods of insurance will be added together for purposes of applying the Pre-existing Conditions Limitation.

Continuation Provisions: *Can my coverage be continued beyond the date it would otherwise terminate?*
Coverage can be continued by Your Employer beyond a date shown in the Termination provision, if Your Employer provides a plan of continuation which applies to all employees the same way. Continued coverage:
1) is subject to any reductions in The Policy;
2) is subject to payment of premium by the Employer; and
3) terminates if:
   a) The Policy terminates; or
   b) coverage for Your class terminates.

In any event, Your benefit level, or the amount of earnings upon which Your benefits may be based, will be that in effect on the day before Your coverage was continued. Coverage may be continued in accordance with the above restrictions and as described below:

<u>Leave of Absence:</u> If You are on a documented leave of absence, other than Family or Medical Leave or Military Leave of Absence, Your coverage may be continued for a period of time as determined by your Employer. If the leave terminates prior to the agreed upon date, this continuation will cease immediately.

<u>Military Leave of Absence:</u> If You enter active military service and are granted a military leave of absence in writing, Your

coverage may be continued for a period of time as determined by Your Employer. If the leave ends prior to the agreed upon date, this continuation will cease immediately.

Family Medical Leave: If You are granted a leave of absence, in writing, according to the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, or other applicable state or local law, Your coverage may be continued for up to 12 weeks, or 26 weeks if You qualify for Family Military Leave, or longer if required by other applicable law, following the date Your leave commenced. If the leave terminates prior to the agreed upon date, this continuation will cease immediately.

Coverage while Disabled: *Does my insurance continue while I am Disabled and no longer an Active Employee?*
If You are Disabled and You cease to be an Active Employee, Your insurance will be continued:
1) during the Elimination Period while You remain Disabled by the same Disability; and
2) after the Elimination Period for as long as You are entitled to benefits under The Policy.

Waiver of Premium: *Am I required to pay Premiums while I am Disabled?*
No premium will be due for You:
1) after the Elimination Period; and
2) for as long as benefits are payable.

Extension of Benefits for Total Disability: *Do my benefits continue if The Policy terminates?*
If You are entitled to benefits while Disabled and The Policy terminates, benefits:
1) will continue as long as You remain Disabled by the same Disability; but
2) will not be provided beyond the date We would have ceased to pay benefits had the insurance remained in force.

Termination of The Policy for any reason will have no effect on Our liability under this provision.

Conversion Right: *If my coverage under The Policy ends, do I have a right to conversion?*
If Your insurance terminates because:
1) Your employment ends for a reason other than Your retirement; or
2) You are no longer in an eligible class;

and if:
1) You have been continuously insured for at least 12 consecutive month(s) under The Policy or under both The Policy and the Prior Policy;
2) a Disability is not preventing You from performing duties of Your Occupation;
3) The Policy has not terminated; and
4) You are not eligible or covered for similar benefits under another group Policy or an individual policy;

then You are eligible to enroll for personal insurance under another group policy called the group long term disability conversion policy.

How do I convert my Coverage?
To obtain coverage under the group long term disability conversion Policy, You must:
1) send Us a written enrollment request; and
2) pay the required premium and enrollment fee for the conversion Policy;

within 31 days of the termination of Your insurance.

If You meet the preceding conditions, We will issue You a certificate of insurance under the group long term disability conversion Policy. Such coverage will:
1) be issued without Evidence of Insurability;
2) be on one of the forms then being issued by Us for conversion purposes; and
3) be effective on the day following the date Your insurance under The Policy terminates.

The coverage available under the conversion Policy may differ from The Policy. We will determine the terms of the group long term disability conversion Policy, including:
1) the type and amount of coverage provided; and
2) the premium payable;

based on the kinds of insurance provided by the group long term disability conversion Policy at the time such enrollment request is made.

BENEFITS

Disability Benefit: *What are my Disability Benefits under The Policy?*
We will pay You a Monthly Benefit if You:

1) become Disabled while insured under The Policy;
2) are Disabled throughout the Elimination Period;
3) remain Disabled beyond the Elimination Period; and
4) submit Proof of Loss to Us.

Benefits accrue as of the first day after the Elimination Period and are paid monthly. However, benefits will not exceed the Maximum Duration of Benefits.

Mental Illness And Substance Abuse Benefits: *Are benefits limited for Mental Illness or Substance Abuse?*
If You are Disabled because of:

1) Mental Illness that results from any cause;
2) any condition that may result from Mental Illness;
3) alcoholism which is under treatment; or
4) the non-medical use of narcotics, sedatives, stimulants, hallucinogens, or any other such substance;

then, subject to all other provisions of The Policy, We will limit the Maximum Duration of Benefits.

Benefits will be payable:

1) for as long as you are confined in a hospital or other place licensed to provide medical care for the disabling condition; or
2) if not confined, or after you are discharged and still Disabled, for a total of 24 month(s) for all such disabilities during your lifetime.

Recurrent Disability: *What happens if I Recover but become Disabled again?*
Periods of Recovery during the Elimination Period will not interrupt the Elimination Period, if the number of days You return to work as an Active Employee are less than one-half (1/2) the number of days of Your Elimination Period.

Any day within such period of Recovery, will not count toward the Elimination Period.

After the Elimination Period, if You return to work as an Active Employee and then become Disabled and such Disability is:

1) due to the same cause; or
2) due to a related cause; and
3) within 6 month(s) of the return to work;

the Period of Disability prior to Your return to work and the recurrent Disability will be considered one Period of Disability, provided The Policy remains in force.

If You return to work as an Active Employee for 6 month(s) or more, any recurrence of a Disability will be treated as a new Disability. The new Disability is subject to a new Elimination Period and a new Maximum Duration of Benefits.

Period of Disability means a continuous length of time during which You are Disabled under The Policy.

Recover or Recovery means that You are no longer Disabled and have returned to work with the Employer and premiums are being paid for You.

Calculation of Monthly Benefit: Return to Work Incentive: *How are my Disability benefits calculated?*
If You remain Disabled after the Elimination Period, but work while You are Disabled, We will determine Your Monthly Benefit for a period of up to 24 consecutive months as follows:

1) multiply Your Pre-disability Earnings by the Benefit Percentage;
2) compare the result with the Maximum Benefit; and
3) from the lesser amount, deduct Other Income Benefits.

The result is Your Monthly Benefit. Current Monthly Earnings will not be used to reduce Your Monthly Benefit. However, if the sum of Your Monthly Benefit and Your Current Monthly Earnings exceeds 100% of Your Pre-disability Earnings, We will reduce Your Monthly Benefit by the amount of excess.

The 24 consecutive month period will start on the last to occur of:

1) the day You first start work; or
2) the end of the Elimination Period.

After 24 months We will subtract 50% of Your Current Monthly Earnings.

If You are Disabled and not receiving benefits under the Return to Work Incentive, We will calculate Your Monthly Benefit as follows:

1) multiply Your Monthly Income Loss by the Benefit Percentage;
2) compare the result with the Maximum Benefit; and
3) from the lesser amount, deduct Other Income Benefits.

The result is Your Monthly Benefit.

Calculation of Monthly Benefit: *What happens if the sum of my Monthly Benefit, Current Monthly Earnings and Other Income Benefits exceeds 100% of my Pre-disability Earnings?*
If the sum of Your Monthly Benefit, Current Monthly Earnings and Other Income Benefits exceeds 100% of Your Pre-disability Earnings, We will reduce Your Monthly Benefit by the amount of the excess. However, Your Monthly Benefit will not be less than the Minimum Monthly Benefit.

If an overpayment occurs, We may recover all or any portion of the overpayment, in accordance with the Overpayment Recovery provision.

Minimum Monthly Benefit: *Is there a Minimum Monthly Benefit?*
Your Monthly Benefit will not be less than the Minimum Monthly Benefit shown in the Schedule of Insurance.

Partial Month Payment: *How is the benefit calculated for a period of less than a month?*
If a Monthly Benefit is payable for a period of less than a month, we will pay 1/30 of the Monthly Benefit for each day You were Disabled.

Termination of Payment: *When will my benefit payments end?*
Benefit payments will stop on the earliest of:

1) the date You are no longer Disabled;
2) the date You fail to furnish Proof of Loss;
3) the date You are no longer under the Regular Care of a Physician;
4) the date You refuse Our request that You submit to an examination by a Physician or other qualified medical professional;
5) the date of Your death;
6) the date You refuse to receive recommended treatment that is generally acknowledged by Physicians to cure, correct or limit the disabling condition;
7) the last day benefits are payable according to the Maximum Duration of Benefits Table;
8) the date Your Current Monthly Earnings exceed:
   a) 80% of Your Indexed Pre-disability Earnings if You are receiving benefits for being Disabled from Your Occupation; or
   b) the product of Your Indexed Pre-disability Earnings and the Benefit percentage if You are receiving benefits for being Disabled from Any Occupation;
9) the date no further benefits are payable under any provision in The Policy that limits benefit duration; or
10) the date You refuse to participate in a Rehabilitation program, or refuse to cooperate with or try:
    a) modifications made to the work site or job process to accommodate Your identified medical limitations to enable You to perform the Essential Duties of Your Occupation;
    b) adaptive equipment or devices designed to accommodate Your identified medical limitations to enable You to perform the Essential Duties of Your Occupation;
    c) modifications made to the work site or job process to accommodate Your identified medical limitations to enable You to perform the Essential Duties of Any Occupation, if You were receiving benefits for being disabled from Any Occupation; or
    d) adaptive equipment or devices designed to accommodate Your identified medical limitations to enable You to perform the Essential Duties of Any Occupation, if You were receiving benefits for being disabled from Any Occupation;

    provided a qualified Physician or other qualified medical professional agrees that such modifications, Rehabilitation program or adaptive equipment accommodate Your medical limitation.

Family Care Credit Benefit: *What if I must incur expenses for Family Care Services in order to participate in a Rehabilitation program?*
If You are working as part of a program of Rehabilitation, We will, for the purpose of calculating Your benefit, deduct the cost of Family Care from earnings received from work as a part of a program of Rehabilitation, subject to the following limitations:

1) Family Care means the care or supervision of:

   a) Your children under age 13; or
   b) a member of Your household who is mentally or physically handicapped and dependent upon You for support and maintenance;
2) the maximum monthly deduction allowed for each qualifying child or family member is:
   a) $350 during the first 12 months of Rehabilitation; and
   b) $175 thereafter;
   but in no event may the deduction exceed the amount of Your monthly earnings;
3) Family Care Credits may not exceed a total of $2,500 during a calendar year;
4) the deduction will be reduced proportionally for periods of less than a month;
5) the charges for Family Care must be documented by a receipt from the caregiver;
6) the credit will cease on the first to occur of the following:
   a) You are no longer in a Rehabilitation program; or
   b) Family Care Credits for 24 months have been deducted during Your Disability; and
7) no Family Care provided by someone Related to the family member receiving the care will be eligible as a deduction under this provision.

Your Current Monthly Earnings after the deduction of Your Family Care Credit will be used to determine Your Monthly Income Loss. In no event will You be eligible to receive a Monthly Benefit under The Policy if Your Current Monthly Earnings before the deduction of the Family Care Credit exceed 80% of Your Indexed Pre-disability Earnings.

Survivor Income Benefit: *Will my survivors receive a benefit if I die while receiving Disability Benefits?*

If You were receiving a Monthly Disability Benefit at the time of Your death and You had been receiving such benefits for at least 6 months, We will pay a Survivor Income Benefit, when We receive proof satisfactory to Us:
1) of Your death; and
2) that the person claiming the benefit is entitled to it.

We must receive the satisfactory proof for Survivor Income Benefits within 1 year of the date of Your death.

We will pay the Survivor Income Benefit:
1) to the beneficiary You designated; or
2) if no beneficiary has been designated:
   a) to Your Surviving Spouse; or
   b) if no Surviving Spouse, in equal shares to Your Surviving Children.

However, We will first apply the Survivor Income Benefit to any overpayment which may exist on Your claim.

The Survivor Income Benefit is calculated as 3 times the lesser of:
1) Your Monthly Income Loss multiplied by the Benefit Percentage in effect on the date of Your death; or
2) The Maximum Monthly Benefit.

To designate or change Your designation of beneficiary, You must file a written notice with Us on any form satisfactory to us. Whether You are living or not, any change will relate back and take effect as of the date You signed the written notice. We are not liable for payment of benefits made before receiving written notice.

Surviving Spouse means, on the date You die, Your husband or wife under Arizona law or Your Domestic Partner.

Surviving Children means, on the date You die, Your Dependent Child(ren).

Workplace Modification Benefit: Will the Rehabilitation program provide for modifications to my workplace to accommodate my return to work?
We will reimburse Your Employer for the expense of reasonable Workplace Modifications to accommodate Your Disability and enable You to return to work as an Active Employee. You qualify for this benefit if:
1) Your Disability is covered by The Policy;
2) the Employer agrees to make modifications to the workplace in order to reasonably accommodate Your return to work and the performance of the Essential Duties of Your job; and
3) We approve, in writing, any proposed Workplace Modifications.

Benefits paid for such workplace modification shall not exceed the amount equal to the amount of the expenses incurred or $25,000, which ever is less.

We have the right, at Our expense, to have You examined or evaluated by:

1) a Physician or other health care professional; or
2) a vocational expert or rehabilitation specialist;

of Our choice so that We may evaluate the appropriateness of any proposed modification.

We will reimburse the Employer's costs for approved Workplace Modifications after:

1) the proposed modifications made on Your behalf are complete;
2) We have been provided written proof of the expenses incurred to provide such modification; and
3) You have returned to work as an Active Employee.

Workplace Modification means change in Your work environment, or in the way a job is performed, to allow You to perform, while Disabled, the Essential Duties of Your job. Payment of this benefit will not reduce or deny any benefit You are eligible to receive under the terms of The Policy.

EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS

Exclusions: *What Disabilities are not covered?*

The Policy does not cover, and We will not pay a benefit for any Disability:

1) unless You are under the Regular Care of a Physician;
2) that is caused or contributed to by war or act of war (declared or not);
3) caused by Your commission of or attempt to commit a felony;
4) caused or contributed to by Your being engaged in an illegal occupation; or
5) caused or contributed to by an intentionally self inflicted injury.

If You are receiving or are eligible for benefits for a Disability under a prior disability plan that:

1) was sponsored by Your Employer; and
2) was terminated before the Effective Date of The Policy;

no benefits will be payable for the Disability under The Policy.

Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation: *Are benefits limited for Pre-existing Conditions?*

We will not pay any benefit, or any increase in benefits, under The Policy for any Disability that results from, or is caused or contributed to by, a Pre-existing Condition, unless, at the time You become Disabled:

1) You have not received Medical Care for the condition for 365 consecutive day(s) while insured under The Policy; or
2) You have been continuously insured under The Policy for 365 consecutive day(s).

Pre-existing Condition means:

1) any accidental bodily injury, sickness, Mental Illness, pregnancy, or episode of Substance Abuse; or
2) any manifestations, symptoms, findings, or aggravations related to or resulting from such accidental bodily injury, sickness, Mental Illness, pregnancy, or Substance Abuse;

for which You received Medical Care during the 180 day(s) period that ends the day before:

1) Your effective date of coverage; or
2) the effective date of a Change in Coverage.

Medical Care is received when a physician or other health care provider:

1) is consulted or gives medical advice; or
2) recommends, prescribes or provides Treatment.

Treatment includes, but is not limited to:

1) medical examinations, tests, attendance, or observation; and
2) use of drugs, medicines, medical services, supplies or equipment.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Notice of Claim: *When should I notify the Company of a claim?*

You must give Us, written notice of a claim within 30 days after Disability or loss occurs. If notice cannot be given within that time, it must be given as soon as reasonably possible after that. Such notice must include Your name, Your address and the Policy Number.

Claim Forms: *Are special forms required to file a claim?*
We will send forms to You to provide Proof of Loss, within 15 days of receiving a Notice of Claim. If We do not send the forms within 15 days, You may submit any other written proof which fully describes the nature and extent of Your claim.

Proof of Loss: *What is Proof of Loss?*
Proof of Loss may include but is not limited to the following:

1) documentation of:
    a) the date Your Disability began;
    b) the cause of Your Disability;
    c) the prognosis of Your Disability;
    d) Your Pre-disability Earnings, Current Monthly Earnings or any income, including but not limited to copies of Your filed and signed federal and state tax returns; and
    e) evidence that You are under the Regular Care of a Physician;
2) any and all medical information, including x-ray films and photocopies of medical records, including histories, physical, mental or diagnostic examinations and treatment notes;
3) the names and addresses of all:
    a) Physicians or other qualified medical professionals You have consulted;
    b) hospitals or other medical facilities in which You have been treated; and
    c) pharmacies which have filled Your prescriptions within the past three years;
4) Your signed authorization for Us to obtain and release:
    a) medical, employment and financial information; and
    b) any other information We may reasonably require;
5) Your signed statement identifying all Other Income Benefits; and
6) proof that You and Your dependents have applied for all Other Income Benefits which are available.

You will not be required to claim any retirement benefits which You may only get on a reduced basis. All proof submitted must be satisfactory to Us.

Additional Proof of Loss: *What additional proof of loss is the Company entitled to?*
To assist Us in determining if You are Disabled, or to determine if You meet any other term or condition of The Policy, We have the right to require You to:

1) meet and interview with our representative; and
2) be examined by a Physician, vocational expert, functional expert, or other medical or vocational professional of Our choice.

Any such interview, meeting or examination will be:

1) at Our expense; and
2) as reasonably required by Us.

Your Additional Proof of Loss must be satisfactory to Us. Unless We determine You have a valid reason for refusal, We may deny, suspend or terminate Your benefits if You refuse to be examined or meet to be interviewed by Our representative.

Sending Proof of Loss: *When must proof of Loss be given?*
Written Proof of Loss must be sent to Us within 90 days after the start of the period for which We are liable for payment. If proof is not given by the time it is due, it will not affect the claim if:

1) it was not possible to give proof within the required time; and
2) proof is given as soon as possible; but
3) not later than 1 year after it is due, unless You are not legally competent.

We may request Proof of Loss throughout Your Disability. In such cases, We must receive the proof within 30 day(s) of the request.

Claim Payment: *When are benefit payments issued?*
When We determine that You;

1) are Disabled; and
2) eligible to receive benefits;

We will pay accrued benefits at the end of each month that You are Disabled. We may, at Our option, make an advance benefit payment based on Our estimated duration of Your Disability. If any payment is due after a claim is terminated, it will be paid as soon as Proof of Loss satisfactory to Us is received.

Claims to be Paid: *To whom will benefits for my claim be paid?*
All payments are payable to You. Any payments owed at Your death may be paid to Your estate. If any payment is owed to:

1) Your estate;
2) a person who is a minor; or
3) a person who is not legally competent;

then We may pay up to $1,000 to a person who is Related to You and who, at Our sole discretion, is entitled to it. Any such payment shall fulfill Our responsibility for the amount paid.

Claim Denial: *What notification will I receive if my claim is denied?*
If a claim for benefits is wholly or partly denied, You will be furnished with written notification of the decision. This written notification will:

1) give the specific reason(s) for the denial;
2) make specific reference to The Policy provisions on which the denial is based;
3) provide a description of any additional information necessary to perfect a claim and an explanation of why it is necessary; and
4) provide an explanation of the review procedure.

Claim Appeal: *What recourse do I have if my claim is denied?*
On any claim, You or Your representative may appeal to Us for a full and fair review. To do so You:

1) must request a review upon written application within:
   a) 180 days of receipt of claim denial if the claim requires Us to make a determination of disability; or
   b) 60 days of receipt of claim denial if the claim does not require Us to make a determination of disability; and
2) may request copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to Your claim; and
3) may submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to Your claim.

We will respond to You in writing with Our final decision on the claim.

Social Security: *When must I apply for Social Security Benefits?*
You must apply for Social Security disability benefits when the length of Your Disability meets the minimum duration required to apply for such benefits. You must apply within 45 days from the date of Our request. If the Social Security Administration denies Your eligibility for benefits, You will be required:

1) to follow the process established by the Social Security Administration to reconsider the denial; and
2) if denied again, to request a hearing before an Administrative Law Judge of the Office of Hearing and Appeals.

Benefit Estimates: *How does the Company estimate Disability benefits under the United States Social Security Act?*
We reserve the right to reduce Your Monthly Benefit by estimating the Social Security disability benefits You or Your spouse and children may be eligible to receive.

When We determine that You or Your Dependent may be eligible for benefits, We may estimate the amount of these benefits. We may reduce Your Monthly Benefit by the estimated amount.
Your Monthly Benefit will not be reduced by estimated Social Security disability benefits if:

1) You apply for Social Security disability benefits and pursue all required appeals in accordance with the Social Security provision; and
2) You have signed a form authorizing the Social Security Administration to release information about awards directly to Us; and
3) You have signed and returned Our reimbursement agreement, which confirms that You agree to repay all overpayments.

If We have reduced Your Monthly Benefit by an estimated amount and:

1) You or Your Dependent are later awarded Social Security disability benefits, We will adjust Your Monthly Benefit when We receive proof of the amount awarded, and determine if it was higher or lower than Our estimate; or
2) Your application for disability benefits has been denied, We will adjust Your Monthly Benefit when You provide Us proof of final denial from which You cannot appeal from an Administrative Law Judge of the Office of Hearing and Appeals.

If Your Social Security Benefits were lower than we estimated, and We owe You a refund, We will make such refund in a lump sum. If Your Social Security Benefits were higher than we estimated, and If Your Monthly Benefit has been

overpaid, You must make a lump sum refund to Us equal to all overpayments, in accordance with the Overpayment Recovery provision

Overpayment: *When does an overpayment occur?*
An overpayment occurs:
1) when We determine that the total amount We have paid in benefits is more than the amount that was due to You under The Policy; or
2) when payment is made by Us that should have been made under another group policy.

This includes, but is not limited to, overpayments resulting from:
1) retroactive awards received from sources listed in the Other Income Benefits definition;
2) failure to report, or late notification to Us of any Other Income Benefit(s) or earned income;
3) misstatement;
4) fraud; or
5) any error We may make.

Overpayment Recovery: *How does the Company exercise the right to recover overpayments?*
We have the right to recover from You any amount that We determine to be an overpayment. You have the obligation to refund to Us any such amount. Our rights and Your obligations in this regard may also be set forth in the reimbursement agreement You will be required to sign when You become eligible for benefits under The Policy.

If benefits are overpaid on any claim, You must reimburse Us within 30 days.

If reimbursement is not made in a timely manner, We have the right to:
1) recover such overpayments from:
   a) You;
   b) any other organization;
   c) any other insurance company;
   d) any other person to or for whom payment was made; and
   e) Your estate;
2) reduce or offset against any future benefits payable to You or Your survivors, including the Minimum Monthly Benefit, until full reimbursement is made. Payments may continue when the overpayment has been recovered;
3) refer Your unpaid balance to a collection agency; and
4) pursue and enforce all legal and equitable rights in court.

Subrogation: *What are the Company's subrogation rights?*
If You:
1) suffer a Disability because of the act or omission of a Third Party;
2) become entitled to and are paid benefits under The Policy in compensation for lost wages; and
3) do not initiate legal action for the recovery of such benefits from the Third Party in a reasonable period of time;

then We will be subrogated to any rights You may have against the Third Party and may, at Our option, bring legal action against the Third Party to recover any payments made by Us in connection with the Disability.

Reimbursement: *What are the Company's Reimbursement Rights?*
We have the right to request to be reimbursed for any benefit payments made or required to be made under The Policy for a Disability for which You recover payment from a Third Party.

If You recover payment from a Third Party as:
1) a legal judgment;
2) an arbitration award; or
3) a settlement or otherwise;

You must reimburse Us for the lesser of:
1) the amount of payment made or required to be made by Us; or
2) the amount recovered from the Third Party less any reasonable legal fees associated with the recovery.

Third Party means any person or legal entity whose act or omission, in full or in part, causes You to suffer a Disability for which benefits are paid or payable under The Policy.

Legal Actions: *When can legal action be taken against Us?*
Legal action cannot be taken against Us:

1) sooner than 60 days after the date proof of loss is given; or
2) more than 3 years after the date Proof of Loss is required to be given according to the terms of The Policy.

Insurance Fraud: *How does the Company deal with fraud?*
Insurance Fraud occurs when You and/or Your Employer provide Us with false information or file a claim for benefits that contains any false, incomplete or misleading information with the intent to injure, defraud or deceive Us. It is a crime if You and/or Your Employer commit Insurance Fraud. We will use all means available to Us to detect, investigate, deter and prosecute those who commit Insurance Fraud. We will pursue all available legal remedies if You and/or Your Employer perpetrate Insurance Fraud.

Misstatements: *What happens if facts are misstated?*
If material facts about You were not stated accurately:
1) Your premium may be adjusted; and
2) the true facts will be used to determine if, and for what amount, coverage should have been in force.

No statement, except fraudulent misstatements, made by You relating to Your insurability will be used to contest the insurance for which the statement was made after the insurance has been in force for two years during Your lifetime. In order to be used, the statement must be in writing and signed by You.

Policy Interpretation: *Who interprets the terms and conditions of The Policy?*
We have full discretion and authority to determine eligibility for benefits and to construe and interpret all terms and provisions of The Policy.

DEFINITIONS

Actively at Work means at work with the Employer on a day that is one of the Employer's scheduled workdays. On that day, You must be performing for wage or profit all of the regular duties of Your Occupation:
1) in the usual way; and
2) for Your usual number of hours.

We will consider You Actively at Work on a day that is not a scheduled work day only if You were Actively at Work on the preceding scheduled work day.

Active Employee means a full time employee as defined by the Arizona Administrative Code Title 2, Chapter 6 who is not covered by the Arizona State Retirement System Long Term Disability Plan.

Any Occupation means any occupation for which You are qualified by education, training or experience, and that has an earnings potential greater than the lesser of:
1) the product of Your Indexed Pre-disability Earnings and the Benefit Percentage; or
2) the Maximum Monthly Benefit.

Current Monthly Earnings means monthly earnings You receive from Your Employer while You are Disabled.

Dependent means Your Spouse, Domestic Partner, or Dependent Child(ren), who is lawfully present in the U.S.

Dependent Child(ren) shall mean a person(s) who falls within one or more of the following categories:
1) a natural child, adopted child, or stepchild of the member or member's qualified same-sex Domestic Partner from live birth and who is younger than age 26;
2) a child who is younger than age 26 for whom the member has court-ordered guardianship;
3) a foster child of the member who is younger than age 26;
4) a child who is younger than age 26 and placed in the member's home by court order pending adoption; or
5) a natural child, adopted child, or stepchild of the member or member's qualified same-sex Domestic Partner and who was disabled prior to age 19 and continues to be disabled under 42 U.S.C. 1382c and for whom the member or member's qualified same-sex Domestic Partner had custody prior to age 19.

Disability or Disabled means You are prevented from performing one or more of the Essential Duties of:
1) Your Occupation during the Elimination Period;

2) Your Occupation, for the 24 month(s) following the Elimination Period, and as a result Your Current Monthly Earnings are less than 80% of Your Indexed Pre-disability Earnings; and
3) after that, Any Occupation.

If at the end of the Elimination Period, You are prevented from performing one or more of the Essential Duties of Your Occupation, but Your Current Monthly Earnings are greater than 80% of Your Pre-disability Earnings, Your Elimination Period will be extended for a total period of 12 months from the original date of Disability, or until such time as Your Current Monthly Earnings are less than 80% of Your Pre-disability Earnings, whichever occurs first.

For the purposes of extending Your Elimination Period, Your Current Monthly Earnings will not include the pay You could have received for another job or a modified job if such job was offered to You by Your Employer, or another employer, and You refused the offer.

Your Disability must result from:
1) accidental bodily injury;
2) sickness;
3) Mental Illness;
4) Substance Abuse; or
5) pregnancy.

Your failure to pass a physical examination required to maintain a license to perform the duties of Your Occupation, alone, does not mean that You are Disabled.

Domestic Partner means an individual who is of the same-sex to an employee or officer who must verify with credible evidence as required by the State the following:
1) shares a permanent residence with the employee or officer;
2) has resided with the employee or officer continuously for the last 12 consecutive months and expects to continue to reside with the employee or officer indefinitely as evidenced by an affidavit filed at the time of enrollment;
3) has not signed a declaration or affidavit of same-sex domestic partnership with another individual within the last 12 months;
4) has not had another same-sex domestic partner within the last 12 months;
5) does not currently have another same-sex domestic partner;
6) is not currently married to or legally separated from anyone;
7) is not related by blood to the employee or officer to a degree that would prohibit marriage in Arizona;
8) was mentally competent to consent when the same-sex domestic partnership was established;
9) is not acting under fraud or duress with regard to the insurance plans made available by the department;
10) is at least 18 years old; and
11) is financially interdependent with the employee or officer in at least three of the following ways:
    a) holds a joint mortgage, joint property tax identification, or joint tenancy on a residential lease;
    b) holds one or more credit or bank accounts jointly;
    c) owns significant property, such as a vehicle or real estate, jointly;
    d) has one or more joint liabilities;
    e) is named by or has named the employee or officer as beneficiary of life insurance or under a will or retirement annuity;
    f) has a written durable power of attorney in which each assumes financial responsibility for the other; or
    g) other evidence of financial interdependence that is approved by the Policyholder and Us.

Elimination Period means the longer of the number of consecutive days at the beginning of any one period of Disability which must elapse before benefits are payable or the expiration of any accumulated sick pay program.

Employer means the Policyholder.

Essential Duty means a duty that:
1) is substantial, not incidental;
2) is fundamental or inherent to the occupation; and
3) cannot be reasonably omitted or changed.

Your ability to work the number of hours in Your regularly scheduled work week is an Essential Duty.

Indexed Pre-disability Earnings means Your Pre-disability Earnings adjusted annually by adding the lesser of:

1) 10%; or
2) the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W).

The percentage change in the CPI-W means the difference between the current year's CPI-W as of July 31, and the prior year's CPI-W as of July 31, divided by the prior year's CPI-W. The adjustment is made January 1st each year after You have been Disabled for 12 consecutive month(s), provided You are receiving benefits at the time the adjustment is made.

The term Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) means the index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers published by the United States Department of Labor. It measures on a periodic (usually monthly) basis the change in the cost of typical urban wage earners' and clerical workers' purchase of certain goods and services. If the index is discontinued or changed, We may use another nationally published index that is comparable to the CPI-W.

Mental Illness means a mental disorder as listed in the current version of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, published by the American Psychiatric Association. A Mental Illness may be caused by biological factors or result in physical symptoms or manifestations.

For the purpose of The Policy, Mental Illness does not include the following mental disorders outlined in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders:

1) Mental Retardation;
2) Pervasive Developmental Disorders;
3) Motor Skills Disorder;
4) Substance-Related Disorders;
5) Delirium, Dementia, and Amnesic and Other Cognitive Disorders; or
6) Narcolepsy and Sleep Disorders related to a General Medical Condition.

Monthly Benefit means a monthly sum payable to You while You are Disabled, subject to the terms of The Policy.

Monthly Income Loss means Your Pre-disability Earnings minus Your Current Monthly Earnings.

Other Income Benefits means the amount of any benefit for loss of income, provided to You or Your family, as a result of the period of Disability for which You are claiming benefits under The Policy. This includes any such benefits for which You or Your family are eligible or that are paid to You, or Your family or to a third party on Your behalf, pursuant to any:

1) temporary, permanent disability, or impairment benefits under a Workers' Compensation Law, the Jones Act, occupational disease law, similar law or substitutes or exchanges for such benefits;
2) governmental law or program that provides disability benefits as a result of Your job with Your Employer;
3) disability benefits under:
   a) the Railroad Retirement Act;
   b) the Canada Pension Plan, the Canada Old Age Security Act, the Quebec Pension Plan or any provincial pension or disability plan; or
   c) similar plan or act;
4) 85% of the disability benefits under the United States Social Security Act that You, Your spouse and/or children, are eligible to receive because of Your Disability; or
5) disability benefit from the Department of Veterans Affairs, or any other foreign or domestic governmental agency:
   a) that begins after You become Disabled; or
   b) that You were receiving before becoming Disabled, but only as to the amount of any increase in the benefit attributed to Your Disability.

Other Income Benefits also means any payments that are made to You or to Your family, or to a third party on Your behalf, pursuant to any:

1) temporary, permanent disability or impairment benefits under a Workers' Compensation Law, the Jones Act, occupational disease law, similar law or substitutes or exchanges for such benefits;
2) portion of a settlement or judgment, minus associated costs, of a lawsuit that represents or compensates for Your loss of earnings;
3) disability or retirement benefits from Your Employer's Retirement Plan (Your Employer's contributions will be considered as distributed simultaneously throughout Your lifetime, regardless of how funds are distributed from the Retirement Plan.); or
4) 85% retirement benefits under the United States Social Security Act

If You are paid Other Income Benefits in a lump sum or settlement, You must provide proof satisfactory to Us of:

1) the amount attributed to loss of income; and
2) the period of time covered by the lump sum or settlement.

We will pro rate the lump sum or settlement over this period of time. If You cannot or do not provide this information, We will assume the entire sum to be for loss of income, and the time period to be a reasonable one. We may make a retroactive allocation of any retroactive Other Income Benefit. A retroactive allocation may result in an overpayment of Your claim.

The amount of any increase in Other Income Benefits will not be included as Other Income Benefits if such increase:
1) takes effect after the date benefits become payable under The Policy; and
2) is a general increase which applies to all persons who are entitled to such benefits.

Physician means a person who is:
1) a doctor of medicine, osteopathy, psychology or other legally qualified practitioner of a healing art that We recognize or are required by law to recognize;
2) licensed to practice in the jurisdiction where care is being given;
3) practicing within the scope of that license; and
4) not Related to You by blood or marriage.

Pre-Disability Earnings means the monthly fixed compensation paid to an employee or officer. Earnings excludes: pay for overtime, shift differential, bonuses, special performance adjustment, special incentive program, or other allowance.

Prior Policy means the long term disability insurance carried by the Employer on the day before the Policy Effective Date and includes the Arizona State Retirement System Long Term Disability Plan.

Regular Care of a Physician means that You are being treated by a Physician:
1) whose medical training and clinical experience are suitable to treat Your disabling condition; and
2) whose treatment is:
   a) consistent with the diagnosis of the disabling condition;
   b) according to guidelines established by medical, research, and rehabilitative organizations; and
   c) administered as often as needed;

   to achieve the maximum medical improvement.

Rehabilitation means a process of Our working together with You in order for Us to plan, adapt, and put into use options and services to meet Your return to work needs. A Rehabilitation program may include, when We consider it to be appropriate, any necessary and feasible:
1) vocational testing;
2) vocational training;
3) alternative treatment plans such as:
   a) support groups;
   b) physical therapy;
   c) occupational therapy; or
   d) speech therapy;
4) work-place modification to the extent not otherwise provided;
5) job placement;
6) transitional work; and
7) similar services.

Related means Your spouse or other adult living with You, sibling, parent, step-parent, grandparent, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, son, daughter, or grandchild or similar relationship in law.

Retirement Plan means a defined benefit or defined contribution plan that provides benefits for Your retirement and which is not funded wholly by Your contributions. It does not include:
1) a profit sharing plan;
2) thrift, savings or stock ownership plans;
3) a non-qualified deferred compensation plan; or
4) an individual retirement account (IRA), a tax sheltered annuity (TSA), Keogh Plan, 401(k) plan, 403(b) plan or 457 deferred compensation arrangement.

Spouse means Your husband or wife under Arizona law.

Substance Abuse means the pattern of pathological use of alcohol or other psychoactive drugs and substances characterized by:

1) impairments in social and/or occupational functioning;
2) debilitating physical condition;
3) inability to abstain from or reduce consumption of the substance; or
4) the need for daily substance use to maintain adequate functioning.

Substance includes alcohol and drugs but excludes tobacco and caffeine.

The Policy means the Policy which We issued to the Policyholder under the Policy Number shown on the face page.

We, Our, or Us means the insurance company named on the face page of The Policy.

Your Occupation means Your Occupation as it is recognized in the general workplace. Your Occupation does not mean the specific job You are performing for a specific employer or at a specific location.

You or Your means the person to whom this certificate is issued.

AMENDATORY RIDER

This rider is attached to all certificates given in connection with The Policy and is effective on The Policy Effective Date.

This rider is intended to amend Your certificate, as indicated below, to comply with the laws of Your state of residence. Only those references to benefits, provisions or terms actually included in Your certificate will affect Your coverage.

For Arkansas residents:

The provision titled **Policy Interpretation** is deleted in its entirety.

For Colorado residents:

The **Complications of Pregnancy** definition is replaced by the following:

Complications of Pregnancy means a condition whose diagnosis is distinct from pregnancy but adversely affected or caused by pregnancy, such as:

1) acute nephritis or nephrosis;
2) cardiac decompensation;
3) missed abortion; and
4) similar medical and surgical conditions of comparable severity.

Complications of Pregnancy will also include:

1) pre-eclampsia;
2) placenta previa;
3) physician prescribed bed rest for intra-uterine growth retardation, funneling, incompetent cervix;
4) termination of ectopic pregnancy;
5) spontaneous termination of pregnancy, occurring during a period of gestation in which a viable birth is not possible;
6) non-elective cesarean section; and
7) similar medical and surgical conditions of comparable severity.

However, the term Complications of Pregnancy will not include:

1) elective cesarean section;
2) false labor, occasional spotting, or morning sickness;
3) hyperemesis gravidarum; or
4) similar conditions associated with the management of a difficult pregnancy not consisting of a nosologically distinct Complications of Pregnancy.

For Delaware residents:

1) The definition of **Spouse** is amended to include the following:
   Spouse will include Your party to a civil union, provided You:
   1) have established that You and Your partner are parties to a civil union for purposes of The Policy; or
   2) have registered as parties to a civil union with a government agency or office where such registration is available and provide proof of such registration unless requiring proof is prohibited by law.

   You will continue to be considered parties to a civil union provided You continue to meet the requirements required by law.

2) The definition of **Surviving Spouse** in the **Survivor Income Benefit** provision is replaced with the following:
   Surviving Spouse means Your wife or husband who was not legally separated or divorced from You when You died. Spouse will include Your party to a civil union, provided You:
   1) have established that You and Your partner are parties to a civil union for purposes of The Policy; or
   2) have registered as parties to a civil union with a government agency or office where such registration is available and provide proof of such registration unless requiring proof is prohibited by law.

   You will continue to be considered parties to a civil union provided You continue to meet the requirements required by law.

3) The **Change in Family Status** provision is replaced with the following:

Change in Family Status: *What constitutes a Change in Family Status?*
A Change in Family Status means:

1) You get married or enter into a civil union;
2) You and Your spouse divorce or You terminate a civil union;
3) Your child is born or You adopt or become the legal guardian of a child;
4) Your spouse or civil union partner dies;
5) Your child is emancipated or dies;
6) Your spouse or civil union partner is no longer employed, which results in a loss of group insurance; or
7) You have a change in classification from part-time to full-time or from full-time to part-time.

For Hawaii residents:

1) The definition of **Spouse** is amended to include the following:
   Spouse will include Your party to a civil union, provided You:
   1) have established that You and Your partner are parties to a civil union for purposes of The Policy; or
   2) have registered as parties to a civil union with a government agency or office where such registration is available and provide proof of such registration unless requiring proof is prohibited by law.

   You will continue to be considered parties to a civil union provided You continue to meet the requirements required by law.

2) The definition of **Surviving Spouse** in the **Survivor Income Benefit** provision is replaced with the following:
   Surviving Spouse means Your wife or husband who was not legally separated or divorced from You when You died. Spouse will include Your party to a civil union, provided You:
   1) have established that You and Your partner are parties to a civil union for purposes of The Policy; or
   2) have registered as parties to a civil union with a government agency or office where such registration is available and provide proof of such registration unless requiring proof is prohibited by law.

   You will continue to be considered parties to a civil union provided You continue to meet the requirements required by law.

3) The **Change in Family Status** provision is replaced with the following:
   Change in Family Status: *What constitutes a Change in Family Status?*
   A Change in Family Status means:
   1) You get married or enter into a civil union;
   2) You and Your spouse divorce or You terminate a civil union;
   3) Your child is born or You adopt or become the legal guardian of a child;
   4) Your spouse or civil union partner dies;
   5) Your child is emancipated or dies;
   6) Your spouse or civil union partner is no longer employed, which results in a loss of group insurance; or
   7) You have a change in classification from part-time to full-time or from full-time to part-time.

For Illinois residents:

1) The definition of **Spouse** is amended to include the following:
   Spouse will include Your party to a civil union, provided You:
   1) have established that You and Your partner are parties to a civil union for purposes of The Policy; or
   2) have registered as parties to a civil union with a government agency or office where such registration is available and provide proof of such registration unless requiring proof is prohibited by law.

   You will continue to be considered parties to a civil union provided You continue to meet the requirements required by law.

2) The definition of **Surviving Spouse** in the **Survivor Income Benefit** provision is replaced with the following:
   Surviving Spouse means Your wife or husband who was not legally separated or divorced from You when You died. Spouse will include Your party to a civil union, provided You:
   1) have established that You and Your partner are parties to a civil union for purposes of The Policy; or
   2) have registered as parties to a civil union with a government agency or office where such registration is available and provide proof of such registration unless requiring proof is prohibited by law.

   You will continue to be considered parties to a civil union provided You continue to meet the requirements required by law.

3) The **Change in Family Status** provision is replaced with the following:
   Change in Family Status: *What constitutes a Change in Family Status?*
   A Change in Family Status means:

1) You get married or enter into a civil union;
2) You and Your spouse divorce or You terminate a civil union;
3) Your child is born or You adopt or become the legal guardian of a child;
4) Your spouse or civil union partner dies;
5) Your child is emancipated or dies;
6) Your spouse or civil union partner is no longer employed, which results in a loss of group insurance; or
7) You have a change in classification from part-time to full-time or from full-time to part-time.

For Indiana residents:

The last sentence in the **Policy Interpretation** provision is deleted and replaced by the following:

This provision applies only where the interpretation of The Policy is governed by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA), 29 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.

For Louisiana residents, the following provision is added:

Reinstatement after Military Service: *Can my coverage be reinstated after return from active military service?*

If:

1) Your coverage terminates because You enter active military service; and
2) You are rehired within 12 months of the date You return from active military service;

then coverage may be reinstated, provided You request such reinstatement within 31 days of the date you return to work.

The reinstated coverage will:

1) be the same coverage amounts in force on the date coverage terminated; and
2) not be subject to any Waiting Period for Coverage, Evidence of Insurability or Pre-existing Conditions Limitations; and
3) be subject to all the terms and provisions of The Policy.

For Maine residents, the following provision is added:

Reinstatement: *Can my coverage be reinstated after it ends?*

We will reinstate The Policy upon receipt of all current and late premiums if:

1) You, any person authorized to act on Your behalf, or any of Your dependents may request reinstatement of The Policy within 90 days following cancellation of The Policy for nonpayment of premium provided You suffered from cognitive impairment or functional incapacity at the time the contract cancelled; and
2) all current and late premium payments are received within 15 days of Our request.

We may request a medical demonstration, at Your expense, that You suffered from cognitive impairment or functional incapacity at the time of cancellation of The Policy.

For Maryland residents, the definition of **Surviving Spouse** in the **Survivor Income Benefit** is deleted and replaced by the following:

Surviving Spouse means Your spouse who was not legally separated or divorced from You when You died. "Spouse" will include Your domestic partner, provided You have executed a Domestic Partner Affidavit acceptable to us, establishing that You and Your partner are domestic partners for purposes of this Policy. You will continue to be considered domestic partners provided You continue to meet the requirements described in the Domestic Partner Affidavit.

For Massachusetts residents:

1) the following is added to the **Continuation Provisions:**

   In accordance with Massachusetts state law, if Your insurance terminates because Your employment terminates or You cease to be a member of an eligible class, Your insurance will automatically be continued until the end of a 31 day period from the date Your insurance terminates or the date You become eligible for similar benefits under another group plan, whichever occurs first.

   Additionally, if Your insurance terminates because Your employment is terminated as a result of a plant closing or covered partial closing, Your insurance may be continued. You must elect in writing to continue insurance and pay the required premium for continued coverage. Coverage will cease on the earliest to occur of the following dates:

   1) 90 days from the date You were no longer eligible for coverage as a Full-time Active Employee;
   2) the date You become eligible for similar benefits under another group plan;
   3) the last day of the period for which required premium is made;

4) the date the group insurance policy terminates; or
5) the date Your Employer ceases to be a Participant Employer, if applicable.

Continued coverage is subject to all other applicable terms and conditions of The Policy.

2) The **Surviving Children** definition in the **Survivor Income Benefit** will also include a child in the process of adoption.

For Michigan residents, the **Policy Interpretation** provision is deleted in its entirety.

For Minnesota residents:

1) the definition of **Any Occupation** is amended by the addition of the phrase “or may reasonably become qualified” to the first line;
2) The first two paragraphs of the **Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation** provision are deleted and replaced by the following:

   No benefit will be payable under The Policy for any Disability that is due to, contributed to by, or results from a Pre-Existing Condition, unless such Disability or loss is incurred:

   1) After the lesser of the last day of:
      a) the number of days stated in Your certificate; or
      b) 730 consecutive days;

      while insured, during which you receive no medical care for the Pre-Existing Condition; or
   2) After the lesser of the last day of:
      a) the number of days stated in Your certificate; or
      b) 730 consecutive days;

      during which you have been continuously insured under The Policy.

   The amount of a benefit increase, which results from a change in benefit options, a change of class or a change in The Policy, will not be paid for any disability that is due to, contributed to by, or results from a Pre-Existing Condition, unless such Disability begins:

   1) After the lesser of the last day of :
      a) the number of days stated in Your certificate; or
      b) 730 consecutive days;

      while insured for the increased benefit amount during which you receive no medical care for the Pre-Existing Condition; or
   2) After the lesser of the last day of :
      a) the number of days stated in Your certificate; or
      b) 730 consecutive days;

      during which you have been continuously insured for the increased benefit amount.
3) The definition of **Pre-existing Condition** in the **Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation** provision is deleted and is replaced by the following:

   Pre-existing Condition means any accidental bodily injury, sickness, Mental Illness, pregnancy, or episode of Substance Abuse for which You received Medical Care during the lesser of:

   1) the period of time stated in Your certificate; or
   2) the 730 day period;

      that ends the day before:
   3) Your effective date of coverage; or
   4) the effective date of a Change in Coverage.

For Missouri residents intentionally self-inflicted Injury, suicide or attempted suicide, while sane.

For Montana residents, pregnancy will be covered, the same as any other Sickness, anything in the Policy to the contrary notwithstanding.

For New Hampshire residents:

1) The definition of **Other Income Benefits** is amended by the deletion of 'mandatory "no-fault" automobile insurance plan';
2) LTD The time period, stated in the **Recurrent Disability** provision, within which a Disability must recur in order to be considered the same Period of Disability is changed to 6 months, if less than 6 months.
3) The **Policy Interpretation** provision is deleted and replaced by the following:

   Under ERISA, the Company is hereby designated by the plan sponsor as a claim fiduciary with discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits and to interpret and construe the terms and provisions of the policy. As claim fiduciary, the Company has a duty to administer claims solely in the interest of the

participants and beneficiaries of the employee benefit plan and in accordance with the documents and instruments governing the plan. This assignment of discretionary authority does not prohibit a participant or beneficiary from seeking judicial review of the Company's benefit eligibility determination after exhausting administrative remedies. The assignment of discretionary authority made under this provision may affect the standard of review that a court will use in reviewing the appropriateness of the Company's determination. In order to prevail, a plan participant or beneficiary may be required to prove that the Company's determination was arbitrary and capricious or an abuse of discretion.

4) The time periods stated in the **Claim Appeal** provision are changed to 180 days, if less than 180 days.

For North Carolina residents:

1) The definition of **Other Income Benefits** is amended by the deletion of 'mandatory "no-fault" automobile insurance plan';
2) The last sentence of the first paragraph of the **Disability Benefit** is amended by the addition of the following clause: "unless qualified medical professionals have determined that further medical care and treatment would be of no benefit to you."
3) The exclusion regarding Workers' Compensation benefits is replaced by the following in the **Exclusions** provision:

   for which the final adjudication or a Workers' Compensation claim determines that benefits are paid, or may be paid, if duly claimed;
4) The **Subrogation** provision is deleted.

For Oregon residents:

1) The **Spouse** definition is amended to include the following:

   Spouse will include Your domestic partner provided You:
   1) have executed a domestic partner affidavit satisfactory to Us, establishing that You and Your partner are domestic partners for purposes of The Policy; or
   2) have registered as domestic partners with a government agency or office where such registration is available.

   You will continue to be considered domestic partners provided You continue to meet the requirements of the law or as described in the domestic partner affidavit.

2) The definition of **Surviving Spouse** in the **Survivor Income Benefit** section is replaced with the following:

   Survivor Income Benefit: *Will my survivors receive a benefit if I die while receiving Disability Benefits?*
   Surviving Spouse means Your wife or husband who was not legally separated or divorced from You when You died.

   Spouse will include Your domestic partner provided You:
   1) have executed a domestic partner affidavit satisfactory to Us, establishing that You and Your partner are domestic partners for purposes of The Policy; or
   2) have registered as domestic partners with a government agency or office where such registration is available.

   You will continue to be considered domestic partners provided You continue to meet the requirements of the law or as described in the domestic partner affidavit.

3) The **Change in Family Status** provision is replaced by the following:

   Change in Family Status: *What constitutes a Change in Family Status?*
   A Change in Family Status means:
   1) You get married or register as domestic partners or You execute a domestic partner affidavit;
   2) You and Your spouse divorce or You terminate a domestic partnership;
   3) Your child is born or You adopt or become the legal guardian of a child;
   4) Your spouse or domestic partner dies;
   5) Your child is emancipated or dies;
   6) Your spouse or domestic partner is no longer employed, which results in a loss of group insurance; or
   7) You have a change in classification from part-time to full-time or from full-time to part-time.

4) The **Continuation Provisions** section is amended to include the following for Employers with 10 or more employees:

   Jury Duty: If You are scheduled to serve or are required to serve as a juror, Your coverage may be continued until the last day of Your Jury Duty, provided You:
   1) elected to have Your coverage continued; and

2) provided notice of the election to Your employer in accordance with Your employer's notification policy.

For Rhode Island residents:

1) The definition of **Spouse** is amended to include the following:
   Spouse will include Your party to a civil union, provided You:
   1) have established that You and Your partner are parties to a civil union for purposes of The Policy; or
   2) have registered as parties to a civil union with a government agency or office where such registration is available and provide proof of such registration unless requiring proof is prohibited by law.

   You will continue to be considered parties to a civil union provided You continue to meet the requirements required by law.

2) The definition of **Surviving Spouse** in the **Survivor Income Benefit** provision is replaced with the following:
   Surviving Spouse means Your wife or husband who was not legally separated or divorced from You when You died. Spouse will include Your party to a civil union, provided You:
   1) have established that You and Your partner are parties to a civil union for purposes of The Policy; or
   2) have registered as parties to a civil union with a government agency or office where such registration is available and provide proof of such registration unless requiring proof is prohibited by law.

   You will continue to be considered parties to a civil union provided You continue to meet the requirements required by law.

3) The **Change in Family Status** provision is replaced with the following:
   Change in Family Status: *What constitutes a Change in Family Status?*
   A Change in Family Status means:
   1) You get married or enter into a civil union;
   2) You and Your spouse divorce or You terminate a civil union;
   3) Your child is born or You adopt or become the legal guardian of a child;
   4) Your spouse or civil union partner dies;
   5) Your child is emancipated or dies;
   6) Your spouse or civil union partner is no longer employed, which results in a loss of group insurance; or
   7) You have a change in classification from part-time to full-time or from full-time to part-time.

For South Carolina residents:

1) The first paragraph of the **Continuity from a Prior Policy** provision is replaced by the following:
   If You become insured under The Policy on the Policy Effective Date and **within 30 days of being covered under the Prior Policy**, the Pre-existing Conditions Limitation will end on the earliest of:
   1) the Policy Effective Date, if Your coverage for the Disability was not limited by a pre-existing condition restriction under the Prior Policy; or
   2) the date the restriction would have ceased to apply had the Prior Policy remained in force, if Your coverage was limited by a pre-existing condition limitation under the Prior Policy.
2) The time period in the Notice of Claim provision is changed to 20 days, if not already 20 days.
3) The following is added to the Physical Examinations and Autopsy provision: "Such autopsy must be performed during the period of contestability and must take place in the state of South Carolina."

For South Dakota residents:

1) The definition of **Physician** is deleted and replaced by the following:
   Physician means a legally qualified physician or surgeon other than a physician or surgeon who is related to You by blood or marriage or a physician or surgeon who is a partner of S-Corp Shareholder working with You in the same business. This does not apply in areas in which the immediate family member is the only physician in the area and acting within the scope of their normal employment.
2) The definition of **Other Income Benefits** is amended by the deletion of all references to **Your family, Your spouse and/or children.**
3) The provision titled **Policy Interpretation** is deleted in its entirety.

For Texas residents, the provision titled **Policy Interpretation** is deleted in its entirety.

For Utah residents:

1) The time period during which You must be continuously insured in order to exercise the **Conversion Right** is changed to 6 consecutive months, if not already 6 consecutive months.
2) The time period in the **Sending Proof of Loss** provision is changed to 90 days, if not already 90 days.

3) The **Policy Interpretation** provision is deleted and replaced by the following:

Benefits under this plan will be paid only if We, the plan administrator, decides in Our discretion that you are entitled to them. We also have discretion to determine eligibility for benefits and to interpret the terms of conditions of the benefit plan. Determinations made by Us, the plan administrator, pursuant to this reservation of discretion does not prohibit or prevent a claimant from seeking judicial review in federal court or Our determinations.

The reservation of discretion made under this provision only establishes the scope of review that a federal court will apply when you seek judicial review of our determination of eligibility for benefits, the payment of benefits, or interpretation of the terms and conditions applicable to the plan.

We are an insurance company that provides insurance of this plan and the federal court will determine the level of discretion that it will accord Our determination.

For Vermont residents:

Purpose: Vermont law requires that health insurers offer coverage to parties to a civil union that is equivalent to coverage provided to married persons.

Definitions, Terms, Conditions and Provisions: The definitions, terms, conditions or any other provisions of the policy, contract, certificate and/or riders and endorsements to which this mandatory endorsement is attached are hereby amended and superseded as follows:

1) Terms that mean or refer to a marital relationship, or that may be construed to mean or refer to a marital relationship, such as "marriage", "spouse", "husband", "wife", "dependent", "next of kin", "relative", "beneficiary", "survivor", "immediate family" and any other such terms, include the relationship created by a civil union established according to Vermont law.
2) Terms that mean or refer to the inception or dissolution of a marriage, such as "date of marriage", "divorce decree", "termination of marriage" and any other such terms include the inception or dissolution of a civil union established according to Vermont law.
3) Terms that mean or refer to family relationships arising from a marriage, such as “family”, “immediate family”, “dependent”, “children”, “next of kin”, “relative”, “beneficiary”, “survivor” and any other such terms include family relationships created by a civil union established according to Vermont law.
4) "Dependent" means a spouse, a party to a civil union established according to Vermont law, and a child or children (natural, stepchild, legally adopted or a minor or disabled child who is dependent on the insured for support and maintenance) who is born to or brought to a marriage or to a civil union established according to Vermont law.
5) "Child or covered child" means a child (natural, step-child, legally adopted or a minor or disabled child who is dependent on the insured for support and maintenance) who is born to or brought to a marriage or to a civil union established according to Vermont law.

CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW RIGHTS MAY OR MAY NOT BE AVAILABLE

Vermont law grants parties to a civil union the same benefits, protections and responsibilities that flow from marriage under state law. However, some or all of the benefits, protections and responsibilities related to health insurance that are available to married persons under federal law may not be available to parties to a civil union. For example, federal law, the Employee Income Retirement Security Act of 1974 known as “ERISA”, controls the employer/employee relationship with regard to determining eligibility for enrollment in private employer health benefit plans. Because of ERISA, Act 91 does not state requirements pertaining to a private employer’s enrollment of a party to a civil union in an ERISA employee welfare benefit plan. However, governmental employers (not federal government) are required to provide health benefits to the dependents of a party to a civil union if the public employer provides health benefits to the dependents of married persons. Federal law also controls group health insurance continuation rights under COBRA for employers with 20 or more employees as well as the Internal Revenue Code treatment of health insurance premiums. As a result, parties to a civil union and their families may or may not have access to certain benefits under this policy, contract, certificate, rider or endorsement that derive from federal law. You are advised to seek expert advice to determine your rights under this contract.

For Washington residents:

1) The definition of **Surviving Spouse** in the **Survivor Income Benefit** is amended to read as follows:

   Surviving Spouse means Your spouse who was not legally separated or divorced from You when You died. “Spouse” will include Your domestic partner, provided You:

   1) have executed a domestic partner affidavit satisfactory to Us, establishing that You and Your partner are domestic partners for purposes of The Policy; or
   2) have registered as domestic partners with a government agency or office where such registration is available and provide proof of such registration unless requiring proof is prohibited by law.

You will continue to be considered domestic partners provided You continue to meet the requirements described in the domestic partner affidavit or required by law.

2) The definition of **Spouse** is amended to include the following:
   Spouse will include Your domestic partner provided You:
   1) have executed a domestic partner affidavit satisfactory to Us, establishing that You and Your partner are domestic partners for purposes of The Policy; or
   2) have registered as domestic partners with a government agency or office where such registration is available and provide proof of such registration unless requiring proof is prohibited by law.

   You will continue to be considered domestic partners provided You continue to meet the requirements described in the domestic partner affidavit or required by law.

For Wisconsin residents, the time periods stated in the **Claim Appeal** provision are removed.

In all other respects, the Policy and certificates remain the same.

Signed for Hartford Life and Accident Insurance Company

Terence Shields, ***Secretary***

Ronald R. Gendreau, ***President***

The Plan Described in this Booklet is Insured by the

Hartford Life and Accident Insurance Company
Simsbury, Connecticut
Member of The Hartford Insurance Group